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# cmlmdish: Telemetry Data Collector Version 1

## CML00077-01

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# 1 Code Magus Dish Guide

## 1.1 Introduction

**Code Magus Dish** collects telemetry data by listening for and recording metrics from remote metric producers. Additionally it can act as a forwarding agent by forwarding the telemetry data on to a remote metric consumer either in real time or later from recorded telemetry data.

See figure 1 on page 2 for a pictorial overview of the environment that `cmlmdish` operates within.

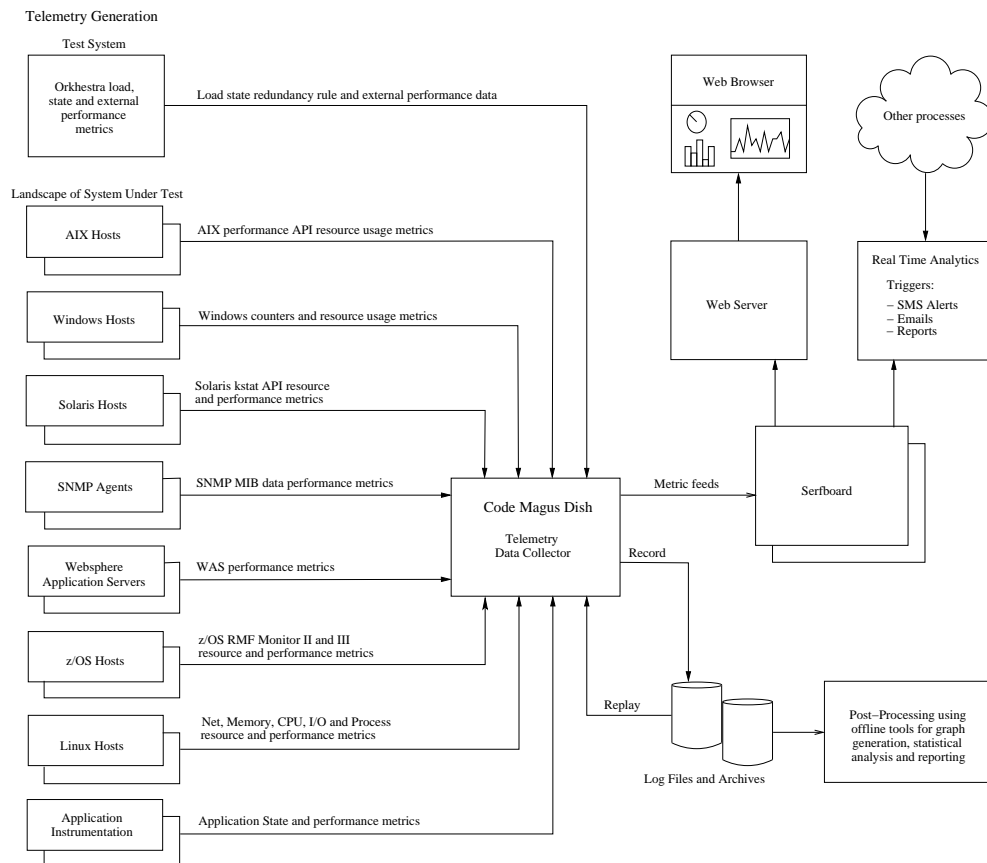


Figure 1: Overview of the **Code Magus Dish** environment.

## 1.2 Environment

**Code Magus Dish** exists within an environment of metric producers and consumers. It collects all telemetry data it receives and records it. In contrast a metric producer only generates metrics from one source and a metric consumer only processes those metrics it is configured to recognise.

### 1.2.1 Metric Producers

Metric producers generate telemetry data from a variety of sources such as:

- An application enabled to produce metrics.  
An example would be a real time network proxy or concentrator. As these applications handle many transactions a second, operators use the telemetry data produced to monitor the throughput and overall performance of such systems.
- A non-functional or stress test environment.  
Code Magus Orkhestra [2] is an example of one such system. The metrics produced enable system testers to analyse the throughput and performance of the system under test.
- Code Magus Metric Probes.  
These utility programs actively query machine, system level software and supporting applications for performance metrics.
  - cmlxsnmp: SNMP Metric Probe [3].  
Uses the Simple Network Management Protocol (SNMP) library to query any network device that supports SNMP.
  - cmlxaixp: AIX Performance Metric Probe [4].  
Queries AIX machine performance metrics.
  - cmlxwinp: Windows Performance Metric Probe [5].  
Queries Windows machine performance metrics.
  - cmlxwasp: Websphere Application Server Performance Metric Probe [6].  
Queries Websphere Application Server performance metrics.
  - cmlxsolp: Solaris Performance Metric Probe [7].  
Queries Solaris machine performance metrics.

Using the above together, for example a system under test and probes on the actual machines that affect it, a detailed analysis of the performance of the system can be achieved.

### 1.2.2 Metric Consumers

Metric consumers process telemetry data in order to inform about the performance of the systems, machines and applications that generated the telemetry data. Some examples are:

- An application that renders the telemetry data as a dashboard.  
An example of this is `Serfboard` [1] that renders the information graphically on demand via a dashboard on a web browser.
- Offline Utilities.  
These utilities are either Code Magus products or other non-proprietary systems such as `R`[8] and `gnu plot`[9]. They usually operate on the recorded telemetry data to produce analysis, trends and graphs that describe the performance of those systems that produced the telemetry data.

## 1.3 Summary

**Code Magus Dish** is primarily a telemetry data collector.

It can act as a metric consumer under normal operation mode by collecting and recording the telemetry data it receives. It can also act as a metric producer when forwarding telemetry data either in real time or in replay mode. In replay mode it reads a previously recorded telemetry data log and forwards the telemetry data to a metric consumer in the same manner (chronological order and timing) as they were recorded. The time stamp in each metric is updated to the current time.

## 2 Code Magus Dish Reference

### 2.1 Usage

**Code Magus Dish** (`cmlmdish`) is started from the command line preferably in the background as a daemon process and should not be associated with the terminal initiating it.

Under normal operation mode `cmlmdish` will receive telemetry data from metric producers, record them to a log file and optionally forward them on to a metric consumer. `cmlmdish` will accept both TCP/IP and UDP connections. Any duplicate messages received via UDP are automatically discarded and therefore not forwarded on or recorded.

If `cmlmdish` is started with the parameter ‘`--help`’ it will only display the command line parameters it accepts and a short description of each. The list of parameters along with a complete description of each can be found in the following section.

```
Code Magus Limited Metric Recorder V1.1: build 2012-12-18-11.32.47
[./cmlmdish] $Id: cmlmdish.c,v 1.2 2012/12/21 11:34:00 janvlok Exp $
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[Contact: stephen@codemagus.com].
Usage: cmlmdish [OPTION...]
  -p, --port=<port>           Port number for connections
  -h, --forward-host={localhost|<host>} Host name for forwarding metrics
                                to
  -P, --forward-port=<port>   Port number for forwarding
                                metrics to
  --forward-host2={localhost|<host>} 2nd Host name for forwarding
                                metrics to
  --forward-port2=<port>        2nd Port number for forwarding
                                metrics to
  -u, --udp                   Use UDP connection for forwarding
  -l, --log=<file name>       Recording log file name
  -r, --replay-log            Read the log file and forward to
                                host
  -v, --verbose               Verbose processing
  -t, --trace                 Trace all messages to stdout

Help options:
  -?, --help                 Show this help message
  --usage                    Display brief usage message
```

### 2.2 Parameters

- ‘`-p|--port`’ Specifies the port number to listen on for incoming connections from metric producers.

- ‘-h|--forward-host’ Specifies the host IP address of a metric consumer server process to forward the telemetry data to.
- ‘-p|--forward-port’ Specifies the port number of the metric consumer server process to forward the telemetry data to.
- ‘--forward-host2’ Specifies the host IP address of a second metric consumer server process to forward the telemetry data to.
- ‘--forward-port2’ Specifies the port number of the second metric consumer server process to forward the telemetry data to.
- ‘-u|--udp’ Specifies that telemetry data are to be forwarded to the consumer(s) using UDP. If this is not specified then the telemetry data are forwarded using TCP.
- ‘-l|--log’ Specifies the name of the file that the telemetry data are recorded to. This file is written using the Code Magus `rdwlog` library.
- ‘-r|--replay-log’ Specifies to read the log file of recorded telemetry data and forward them to the metric consumer server process.
- ‘-v|--verbose’ Directs `cmlmdish` to output diagnostic information during execution.
- ‘-t|--trace’ Directs `cmlmdish` to output the maximum amount of diagnostic information during execution.

## 2.3 Examples

### 2.3.1 `cmlmdish` as a Collector, Recorder and Forwarder

The following invocation will accept telemetry data on the port 6400, record the telemetry data to the file `metric_log.txt` using the `rdwlog` library and at the same time forward them over UDP to the server `192.168.17.17` using port 6500.

```
cmlmdish --verbose \
          --log=metric_log \
          --port=6400 \
          --forward-host=192.168.17.17 \
          --forward-port=6500 \
          --udp
```

```
Code Magus Limited Metric Recorder V1.1: build 2011-01-05-12.10.43
[./cmlmdish] $Id: cmlmdish.c,v 1.2 2012/12/21 11:34:00 janvlok Exp $
Copyright (c) 2010 by Code Magus Limited. All rights reserved.
[Contact: stephen@codemagus.com].
2011-01-05-12.13.24.653181: Feeder (0.0.0.0:6400) - Waiting connection
2011-01-05-12.13.24.654057: Opened log: text(metric_log.txt,mode=w)
```

```
2011-01-05-12.13.24.654105: Forwarding: Connecting to 192.168.17.17:6500 UDP
2011-01-05-12.13.24.654193: Forwarding host Connected
2011-01-05-12.13.27.841391: Shutdown
```

### 2.3.2 cmlmdish in Replay Mode as a Metric Producer

The following example shows an invocation of the `cmlmdish` in replay mode. It reads the file `test.metric.rdw` and forwards the telemetry data on to the server `localhost` on port `12345`.

```
cmlmdish --replay-log --log=test.metric.rdw \
  --forward-host=localhost --forward-port=12345
Code Magus Limited Metric Recorder V1.1: build 2012-12-18-11.32.47
[./cmlmdish] $Id: cmlmdish.c,v 1.2 2012/12/21 11:34:00 janvlok Exp $
Copyright (c) 2010 by Code Magus Limited. All rights reserved.
[Contact: stephen@codemagus.com].
2012-12-19-16.52.21.674406: Forwarding: Connecting to localhost:12345 TCP
2012-12-19-16.52.21.677971: Forwarding host localhost:12345 Connected
Replayed 27 records
```



## References

- [1] Serfboard User Guide Version 1. CML Document CML00027-01, Code Magus Limited, July 2008. [PDF](#).
- [2] orchestra: Configuration and User Reference Version 1. CML Document CML00041-01, Code Magus Limited, June 2011. [PDF](#).
- [3] cmlxsnmp: SNMP Metric Probe. CML Document CML00044-01, Code Magus Limited, June 2009. [PDF](#).
- [4] cmlxaixp: AIX Performance Metric Probe. CML Document CML00045-01, Code Magus Limited, June 2009. [PDF](#).
- [5] cmlxwinp: Windows Performance Metric Probe. CML Document CML00048-01, Code Magus Limited, June 2009. [PDF](#).
- [6] cmlxwasp: Websphere Application Server Performance Metric Probe. CML Document CML00049-01, Code Magus Limited, June 2009. [PDF](#).
- [7] cmlxsolp: Solaris Performance Metric Probe. CML Document CML00065-01, Code Magus Limited, June 2009. [PDF](#).
- [8] R Core Team. *R: A Language and Environment for Statistical Computing*. R Foundation for Statistical Computing, Vienna, Austria, 2015.
- [9] Thomas Williams, Colin Kelley, and many others. Gnuplot: an interactive plotting program. <http://gnuplot.sourceforge.net/>, December 2012.